Environmental Protection Agency

Ozone Season Allowance Tracking System accounts all CAIR $NO_{\rm X}$ Ozone Season allowances allocated for a control period in 2015 and any subsequent year, and, thereafter, no holding or surrender of CAIR $NO_{\rm X}$ allowances will be required with regard to emissions or excess emissions for such control periods.

[72 FR 62343, Nov.2, 2007, as amended at 74 FR 48862, Sept. 25, 2009; 74 FR 56726, Nov. 3, 2009; 75 FR 72962, Nov. 29, 2010; 76 FR 48353, Aug. 8, 2011; 79 FR 71671, Dec. 3, 2014]

§ 52.36 What are the requirements of the Federal Implementation Plans (FIPs) for the Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR) relating to emissions of sulfur dioxide?

(a) The Federal CAIR SO2 Trading Program provisions of part 97 of this chapter constitute the Clean Air Interstate Rule Federal Implementation Plan provisions for emissions of sulfur dioxide (SO2). Each State that is described in §51.124(c) of this chapter is subject to a finding by the Administrator that the State failed to submit a State Implementation Plan (SIP) to satisfy the requirements of section 110(a)(2)(D)(i)(I) of the Clean Air Act for the $PM_{2.5}$ NAAQS. The provisions of subparts AAA through III of part 97 of this chapter, regarding the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program, apply to sources in each of these States that has not promulgated a SIP revision approved by the Administrator as correcting that deficiency. Following promulgation of an approval by the Administrator of a State's SIP as meeting the requirements of CAIR for PM_{2.5} relating to SO₂ under §51.124 of this chapter, these provisions of part 97 of this chapter will no longer apply to sources in that State, except to the extent the Administrator's approval of the SIP is partial or conditional or unless such approval is under §51.124(r) of this chapter.

(b) The provisions of this section do not invalidate or otherwise affect the obligations of States, emissions sources, or other responsible entities with respect to all portions of plans approved or promulgated under this part or the obligations of States under the requirements of §§51.124 and 51.125 of this chapter.

- (c) The States with SIPs approved by the Administrator as meeting the requirements of CAIR for $PM_{2.5}$ relating to SO_2 under §51.124(o) of this chapter are: Indiana, and Ohio
- (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this section, such paragraph is not applicable as it relates to sources in the State of Minnesota as of December 3, 2009.
- (e) Notwithstanding any provisions of paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section, subparts AAA through III of part 97 of this chapter and any State's SIP to the contrary:
- (1) With regard to any control period that begins after December 31, 2014,
- (i) The provisions of paragraphs (a) through (e) of this section relating to SO_2 emissions shall not be applicable; and
- (ii) The Administrator will not carry out any of the functions set forth for the Administrator in subparts AAA through III of part 97 of this chapter; and
- (2) The Administrator will not deduct for excess emissions any CAIR SO₂ allowances allocated for 2015 or any year thereafter.

[72 FR 62343, Nov. 2, 2007, as amended at 74 FR 48863, Sept. 25, 2009; 74 FR 56726, Nov. 3, 2009; 75 FR 72962, Nov. 29, 2010; 76 FR 48354, Aug. 8, 2011; 79 FR 71671, Dec. 3, 2014]

§ 52.37 What are the requirements of the Federal Implementation Plans (FIPs) to issue permits under the Prevention of Significant Deterioration requirements to sources that emit greenhouse gases?

- (a) The requirements of sections 160 through 165 of the Clean Air Act are not met to the extent the plan, as approved, of the states listed in paragraph (b) of this section does not apply with respect to emissions of the pollutant GHGs from certain stationary sources. Therefore, the provisions of §52.21 except paragraph (a)(1) are hereby made a part of the plan for each state listed in paragraph (b) of this section for:
- (1) Beginning January 2, 2011, the pollutant GHGs from stationary sources described in §52.21(b)(49)(iv), and
- (2) beginning July 1, 2011, in addition to the pollutant GHGs from sources described under paragraph (a)(1) of this